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## Independent Accountants' Review Report

To the Board of Directors and Management of Whirlpool Corporation:

We have reviewed Whirlpool Corporation's ("Whirlpool") accompanying schedules of selected environmental and occupational health and safety indicators (the "Subject Matter") included in Appendix A for the reporting period in accordance with the criteria also set forth in Appendix A (the "Criteria"). Whirlpool's management is responsible for the Subject Matter based on the Criteria. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Subject Matter based on our review.

Our review was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) AT-C section 105, *Concepts Common to All Attestation Engagements*, and AT-C section 210, *Review Engagements*. Those standards require that we plan and perform our review to obtain limited assurance about whether any material modifications should be made to the Subject Matter in order for it to be in accordance with the Criteria. The procedures performed in a review vary in nature and timing from and are substantially less in extent than, an examination, the objective of which is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Subject Matter is in accordance with the Criteria, in all material respects, in order to express an opinion. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Because of the limited nature of the engagement, the level of assurance obtained in a review is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had an examination been performed. As such, a review does not provide assurance that we became aware of all significant matters that would be disclosed in an examination. We believe that the review evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

We are required to be independent of Whirlpool and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our review engagement. Additionally, we have complied with the other ethical requirements set forth in the Code of Professional Conduct and applied the Statements on Quality Management Standards established by the AICPA.

The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgment. Our review consisted principally of applying analytical procedures, making inquiries of persons responsible for the subject matter, obtaining an understanding of the data management systems and processes used to generate, aggregate and report the Subject Matter and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



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As described in Appendix A the Subject Matter is subject to measurement uncertainties resulting from limitations inherent in the nature and the methods used for determining such data. The selection of different but acceptable measurement techniques can result in materially different measurements. The precision of different measurement techniques may also vary. Furthermore, Scope 3 Category 11 emissions are calculated based on a significant number of estimations and management assumptions due to the inherent nature of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard and Technical Guidance for Calculating Scope 3 Emissions criteria.

The information included in Whirlpool's 2025 Corporate Responsibility Impact Report and Corporate Responsibility Technical Report, other than the Subject Matter as described in Appendix A, has not been subjected to the procedures applied in our review and, accordingly, we express no conclusion on it.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the schedules noted above and included in Appendix A for the reporting periods as indicated in the table above in order for it to be in accordance with the Criteria.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

March 6, 2026



## Appendix A: Subject Matter Schedules

### Schedule of Scope 1 and 2 Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions For the year ended December 31, 2025

Metrics	Value	Unit Reported	Criteria
Scope 1 GHG Emissions <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	145,654	Metric tonnes carbon dioxide equivalent ("mtCO <sub>2</sub> e")	World Resources Institute ("WRI") / World Business Council for Sustainable Development's ("WBCSD") The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (GHG Protocol) and WRI WBCSD GHG Protocol Scope 2 Guidance: An Amendment to the GHG Protocol Corporate Standard.
Scope 2 GHG Emissions Location-based method (LBM) <sup>1, 3, 4</sup>	262,171	mtCO <sub>2</sub> e	
Scope 2 GHG Emissions Market-based method (MBM) <sup>1, 3, 4</sup>	70,118	mtCO <sub>2</sub> e	

<sup>1</sup> The GHG and energy reporting boundary for the Schedule of Scope 1 and 2 GHG Emissions and the Schedule of Select Environmental Metrics is Whirlpool and its consolidated subsidiaries, globally. Whirlpool utilizes the operational control approach, as defined by the GHG Protocol, to establish the relevant operations for purposes of reporting. The reporting boundary includes divested entities for the period in which they were operated by Whirlpool during the year. The reporting boundary does not include new facilities acquired during the year; however, no Whirlpool acquisitions occurred that would impact the current period. In November 2025, there was a divestiture of the India major domestic appliance business.

<sup>2</sup> Scope 1 emissions capture emissions from gasoline, diesel, propane, liquified petroleum gas, jet fuel, natural gas, and refrigerants at the facilities within the reporting boundary. Whirlpool references the following emission factors in the Scope 1 emissions calculation: 2025 release of the Brazilian GHG Protocol and 2025 US Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories. Whirlpool uses the Global Warming Potentials (GWPs) from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Sixth Assessment Report (AR6). The vast majority of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, which are reported in CO<sub>2</sub>e, are attributable to CO<sub>2</sub>.

<sup>3</sup> Due to the timeline of reporting, all December 2025 consumption values and related GHG emissions are estimated. Whirlpool estimates using proxies that reflect average production intensity indicators at the site or averages based on actual data reported during the year at that site (with consideration for seasonality for relevant emission sources). For facilities where only partial actual data is obtained, Whirlpool applies an average to estimate consumption for the remaining months. Where actual data cannot be obtained, Whirlpool uses proxy data, including internal square-footage intensity factors based on actual data from similar facilities and applicable Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey (CBECS) 2018 factors. Approximately 14% of Total Energy Consumption was estimated.

<sup>4</sup> Scope 2 emissions capture electricity energy consumption at the facilities within the reporting boundary. Whirlpool Scope 2 MBM emissions utilize various environmental attributes from energy attribute certificates (EACs) and renewable energy certificates (RECs) purchased through an energy service provider or associated with virtual power purchase agreements (VPPAs). Additionally, Whirlpool references the following emission factor sets in the Scope 2 emissions calculation: 2025 US EPA eGRID emission factors (LBM); the 2025 Brazilian Greenhouse Gas Protocol for Brazil (LBM and MBM); 2025 International Energy Agency ("IEA") emission factors for non-US and non-Brazil operations (LBM and MBM); and 2024 Green-e Residual Mix factors (MBM). Whirlpool uses the Global Warming Potentials (GWPs) from the IPCC AR6. Market-adjusted emissions factors are not available or have not been estimated to account for voluntary purchases, and this may result in double counting between electricity consumers.



**Schedule of Select Environmental Metrics  
For the year ended December 31, 2025**

Metrics	Value	Unit Reported	Criteria
Scope 3 GHG Emissions, Category 11 Use of Sold Products <sup>5, 6</sup>	41,877,204	mtCO <sub>2</sub> e	Whirlpool's major domestic appliances, which include air treatment, cooking, dishwashers, laundry and refrigeration product categories shipped during the year ended December 31, 2025, calculated and disclosed using the GHG Protocol and the Technical Guidance for Calculating Scope 3 Emissions for the reported Scope 3 emissions.
Total Energy Consumption <sup>1, 3</sup>	5,563,558	Gigajoules	As defined by Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") Disclosure 302-1e: Total energy consumption within the organization, in joules or multiples. <sup>7</sup>
Energy Intensity <sup>8</sup>	187.0	Megajoules / product	GRI 302-3: Energy intensity
Energy sourced from renewable sources	2,305,674	Gigajoules	Total fuel consumption within the organization from renewable sources, renewable electricity procured through self-generation, Financial Power Purchase Agreements (Virtual PPAs) and contracts with electricity suppliers.
% of total energy obtained from renewable sources	41.4	%	Energy sourced from renewable sources divided by Total Energy Consumption

**Note:** Non-financial emission and energy information is subject to measurement uncertainties resulting from limitations inherent in the nature and the methods used for determining such data. The selection of different but acceptable measurement techniques can result in materially different measurements. The precision of different measurement techniques may also vary.

<sup>5</sup> Scope 3 Category 11 emissions reporting boundary includes appliances from the Air Treatment, Cooking, Dishwasher, Laundry, and Refrigeration product categories sold within the Major Domestic Appliances (MDA) North America, MDA Latin America and MDA Asia business segments under Whirlpool's brands, with the exclusion of Insinkerator products. The boundary also excludes the Whirlpool Small Domestic Appliances (SDA) Global segment and products manufactured and sold for third parties (i.e., not under a Whirlpool brand). Whirlpool references the following emission factors in the Scope 3 emissions calculation: 2025 US EPA Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories and 2025 release of the IEA Emission Factors referencing the most recent factor available for each country, and the 2025 Brazilian GHG Protocol for Brazil. Whirlpool uses GWPs from the IPCC AR6.

<sup>6</sup> Use of Sold Product emissions are calculated using the assumption that the useful life of large appliances is 10 years. Emissions are calculated using shipment data, energy consumption data for each appliance, and product useful life. Management assumes shipment data is materially representative of products sold.

<sup>7</sup> Other criteria included in GRI 302-1 standards (i.e., total fuel from non-renewable sources, total consumption by type, and source of conversion factor) are excluded.

<sup>8</sup> Energy intensity is calculated as the Total Energy Consumption divided by the number of units of major domestic appliances produced during the 12 months ended December 31, 2025.



**Schedule of Select Occupational Health and Safety Metrics  
For the year ended December 31, 2025**

Metrics <sup>9, 10</sup>	Value	Reporting Unit and Criteria
<b>The occupational health and safety metrics and related criteria includes all Whirlpool global manufacturing facilities and non-industrial sites with total area equal to or greater than 100,000 square feet</b>		
<b>Employees and Non-Employees</b>		
Total hours worked <sup>11</sup>	95,428,323	The number of hours worked in the reporting period.
<b>Injury</b>		
Recordable Injuries	216	The number of recordable work-related injuries. A work-related injury that results in any of the following: death, days away from work, restricted work or transfer to another job, medical treatment beyond first aid, or loss of consciousness.
Total Recordable Injury Rate	.45	The number of recordable work-related injury cases multiplied by 200,000 (100 full time equivalent employees working 40 hours per week for 50 weeks) then divided by the number of hours worked for the reporting period.
Lost Time Injuries	66	A Lost Time Injury occurs when, in the opinion of the medical professional of record, the work-related injury prevents the person from being able to work. The first counted Lost Day is the first day following the injury, regardless of whether it was a scheduled workday, and ends when the person is able, in the opinion of the medical professional of record, to return to work, leaves employment, or reaches 180 Lost Days.
Lost Time Injury Rate	.14	The number of Lost Time Injuries cases multiplied by 200,000 (100 full time equivalent employees/workers working 40 hours per week for 50 weeks) then divided by the total number of hours worked for the reporting period. A Lost Workday case is a self-reported work-related injury, including fatality, that results in one or more Lost Days.

<sup>9</sup> The reporting boundary includes Whirlpool employees and non-employees overseen on a day-to-day basis by a Whirlpool employee as of December 31, 2025. This boundary aligns with locations where the vast majority of manual labor is performed, which is where work-related injuries are most likely to occur.

<sup>10</sup> Whirlpool's OHS metrics were determined as of January 16, 2026, for the incidents that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2025. Note, as more case details arise, incident classifications are subject to change.

<sup>11</sup> Total hours worked include estimated hours for office/managerial employees using standardized assumptions for hours per workday and average workdays per year. Production employee hours reflect actual reported hours, supplemented by estimates when actual data are unavailable.



Serious Injuries	4	The number of work-related incidents that result in the following (1) Fatalities (2) Amputation: The traumatic loss of all or part of a limb or other external body part. (3) Debilitating loss: An incident which results in permanent (partial or full) loss of use of any arm, leg, hand, foot, eyesight, permanent hearing loss, or other disease to the human body. (4) Loss of consciousness: An incident which results in the worker becoming unconscious, regardless of the length of time the employee remains unconscious. Note: If the loss of consciousness, as determined by a licensed healthcare professional, is from a Vasovagal response triggered by the sight of blood, it is excluded from being a Serious Incident. (5) Hospital admittance: Hospital Admittance for treatment (other than for observation or diagnosis)
Serious Injury Rate	.01	The number of serious injuries cases multiplied by 200,000 (100 full time equivalent employees working 40 hours per week for 50 weeks) then divided by the number of hours worked for the reporting period.
Fatalities	0	The number of fatalities as a result of work-related injury or work-related illness.
<b>Illness</b>		
Recordable Illness	6	The number of recordable work-related illnesses. Significant ill health diagnosed by a physician or other licensed healthcare professional, even if it does not result in death, days away from work, restricted work or job transfer, medical treatment beyond first aid, or loss of consciousness.
Total Recordable Illness Rate	.01	The number of recordable work-related illness cases multiplied by 200,000 (100 full time equivalent employees working 40 hours per week for 50 weeks) then divided by the number of hours worked for the reporting period.
Lost Time Illness	4	A Lost Time Illness occurs when, in the opinion of the medical professional of record, the work-related illness prevents the person from being able to work. The first counted Lost Day is the first day following the illness, regardless of whether it was a scheduled workday, and ends when the person is able, in the opinion of the medical professional of record, to return to work, leaves employment, or reaches 180 Lost Days.
Lost Time Illness Rate	.01	The number of Lost Time Illness cases multiplied by 200,000 (100 full time equivalent employees/workers working 40 hours per week for 50 weeks) then divided by the total number of hours worked for the reporting period. A Lost Workday case is a self-reported work-related illness that results in one or more Lost Days.



Metrics <sup>10, 12</sup>	Value	Reporting Unit and Criteria
<b>Contractors</b>		
Fatalities	0	The number of fatalities as a result of work-related injury or work-related illness.

**Note:** Non-financial health and safety metrics are subject to measurement uncertainties resulting from limitations inherent in the nature and the methods used for determining such data. The number of recordable injury and illness cases, serious injury and illness cases, and lost time injury and illness cases are based upon employees self-reporting work-related injury and illnesses to Whirlpool, which may be affected by culture, societal norms and/or regulations. To the extent that a recordable injury or illness case, serious incident and/or lost time incident is not self-reported, it would not be included in the health and safety metrics.

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<sup>12</sup> This metric includes the relevant data for non-employees not overseen on a day-to-day basis by a Whirlpool employee.